#### ORIENTAL COLLEGE OF LAW

#### LAW AND MEDICINE

LLB 3 year & BLS LLB 5 year	
1. Right to Health under the Constitution of India	
2. The varieties of Medical Professions in India	
3. Self-Regulation through Codes of Conduct	
4. The Doctrine of "Informed Consent"	
5. Experimentation on Foetuses and Children	
6. Experimentation on People in Custody, including Psychiatric Custody	
7. The Doctors – Patient Relationship	
8. Confidentiality and Privilege	
9. Patient's right of full disclosure of course of therapy including side effects of drugs	
10. Medical Malpractice	
11. Law Relating to Medico-Legal Cases, with special reference to: Road Accidents and Sexual Assaults	
12. Mass Disaster (e.g. Bhopal)	

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#### ALTERNATE DISPUTE RESOLUTION SYSTEM

Arbitration, magning goons and types	-Distinctions
Arbitration: meaning, scope and types	- Distinctions - 1940 law and 1996 law: UNICITRAL model
	law
	- Arbitration and Conciliation
	- Arbitration and expert determination
	- Extent of judicial intervention
	- International commercial arbitration
	international commercial arotation
Arbitration agreement	- Essentials
	- Kinds
	- Who can enter into arbitration agreement
	- Validity
	- Reference to arbitration
	- Interim measures by court
Arbitration Tribunal	- Appointment
	- Challenge
	- Jurisdiction of arbitral tribunal
	- Powers
	- Grounds of challenge
	- Procedure
	- Court assistance
Award	- Rules of guidance
	- Form and content
	- Correction and interpretation
	- Grounds of setting aside an award
	- Can misconduct be a ground?
	- Incapacity of a party, invalidity of arbitration
	agreement
	- Want of proper notice and hearing
	- Beyond the scope of reference
	- Contravention of composition and procedure
	- Breach of confidentiality
	- Impartiality of the arbitrator
	- Bar of limitation, res judicata
	- Consent of parties
	- Enforcement
	nd revision
Enforcement of foreign awards	- New York convention awards
	- Geneva Convention awards
Conciliation	- Distinction between 'Conciliation',
	'Negotiation', 'mediation' and 'arbitration'
	- Appointment
	- Statements to conciliator
	- Interaction between conciliator and parties
	- Communication
	-Duty of parties to cooperate
	- Suggestions by parties
	- Confidentiality

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#### **CONFLICT OF LAW**

Introductory	- What and why of conflict of laws: its function, bases like comity, convenience and justice - Difference between Public and Private International law	
	- Development and history- England and India – a comparative sketch with reference to USA	
And other countries		
7 ma other countries	Statutory, territorial, international, local law and justice	
	- State in a Private International law case	
	- Choice of Jurisdiction	
	- Choice of law (lexcausae)	
Choice of	- Recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments / awards  Magning bases of invisdiction limitations like effectiveness principles	
Jurisdiction (First	- Meaning, bases of jurisdiction, limitations like effectiveness principles –	
·	Relevant C.P.C. provisions regarding jurisdiction – Ss 15-20, 83, 84, and 86	
stage)	- Kinds of jurisdiction	
	- Actions in personam –contract and tort	
	- Actions in rem – such as matrimonial causes and probate	
	- Admiralty action – S VI the Admiralty Courts Act	
	- Actions under assumed discretionary jurisdiction (inherent jurisdiction) (Indian Context: Ss. 10 and 151 of C.P.C.	
Choice of Law-Lex	- Classification / characterization / categorization — allocation of juridical category to the	
Causae (Second	foreign element case	
Stage)	- Necessity for classification – different legal concepts with different content – matters like	
	domicile, talaq and dower in different legal systems	
	- Various theories – leading cases	
	- Connecting factor – what is connection factor :lexfori to determine	
	Selection of lexcausae through connecting factor	
	- Application of lexcausae – three meanings of Lex Causae – Renvoi: partial and total	
	(Foreign court theory) – critical analysis of Renvoi – Indian position	
	Limitations on application or exclusion of foreign law	
	- When foreign law is excluded: grounds – Public Policy, Revenue Laws and Penal Law	
Concept of	- General principles / fundamental Principles	
Domicile	- Elements – intention and residence	
	- Kinds	
	- Domicile of Origin	
	- Domicile of Choice	
	- Domicile of dependence: married women's position in English and Indian laws	
	- Domicile of corporation	
Status	- What is Status?	
	- Incidents	
	- What law governs status	
	- Universality of status	
Marriage	- Marriage as a contract and also status how different from other contracts (social personal	
THAT TABLE	contract)	
	- Kinds of Marriage	
	- How in India, marriage as a concept moved from partially polygamous towards	
	monogamous type and total sacrament to secularization to some extent	
	- Questions of format and essential validity	
	- Formal validity by lex loci celebrations	
	- Essential / material / intrinsic validity	
	- Capacity to marriage - Consent	
	- CORSCII	

	<ul><li>Not previously married</li><li>Physical incapacity</li></ul>
	- Of proper age
	- Essential validity usually governed by lexdomicili
	<ul><li>English cases</li><li>Indian position clarified in cases</li></ul>
Matrimonial	- Concept of matrimonial cause (Relief) – English and Indian positions
Causes	- Available Reliefs
	- Divorce, Nullity, judicial separation
	- Restitution of Conjugal Rights (in English law)
	<ul><li>Restitution of Conjugal Rights has no place now</li><li>Choice of Jurisdiction and Choice of Law to be examined</li></ul>
Legitimacy and Legitimation	- What is legitimacy - What law governs legitimacy
Legitimation	- Validity of marriage
	- Legitimation
	- What it is
	- How affected
	- Legitimation and Succession
Adoption	- Purpose of adoption
	- Common law
	- Indian law - Hindu law
	- Recognition of foreign adoption
Custody and	- Purpose
Guardianship	- Adoption and succession
Contracts	- Contract – a leading relationship in private international law system
	- Validity of contracts
	<ul> <li>Validity of contracts</li> <li>Capacity to contract – Main four theories Lex Loci, Lex Domicilii, Lex situs and proper law</li> </ul>
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Contracts  Torts	<ul> <li>Validity of contracts</li> <li>Capacity to contract – Main four theories Lex Loci, Lex Domicilii, Lex situs and proper law</li> <li>Formal validity – lex loci contractus governs</li> <li>Essential validity – proper law is usually accepted as governing</li> <li>Discharge of contract – Lex loci solutions governing - Doctrine of "proper law" of contract subjective and objective Theories</li> <li>Traditional theories</li> <li>Ideas of tort of recent importance in private International Law such as drugs, environments, transport and satellite communication</li> </ul>
Torts  Recognition and	<ul> <li>Validity of contracts</li> <li>Capacity to contract – Main four theories Lex Loci, Lex Domicilii, Lex situs and proper law</li> <li>Formal validity – lex loci contractus governs</li> <li>Essential validity – proper law is usually accepted as governing</li> <li>Discharge of contract – Lex loci solutions governing - Doctrine of "proper law" of contract subjective and objective Theories</li> <li>Traditional theories</li> <li>Ideas of tort of recent importance in private International Law such as drugs, environments, transport and satellite communication</li> <li>Need recognizing foreign judgments</li> </ul>
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#### LAW OF INSURANCE

Introduction	- Definition, nature and history of insurance		
Introduction	- Concept of Insurance and law of contract and law of torts; future of insurance in globalized		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	economy  Listomy and development of incurence in India		
	- History and development of insurance in India		
G 1	- Insurance Regulatory Authority – role and functions		
General	- Contract of insurance – classification of contract of insurance, nature of various insurance		
principles	contracts, parties thereto		
of law of	- Principle of good faith-non-disclosure-misrepresentation in insurance contract		
insurance	- Insurable interest		
	- The risk		
	- The policy – classification of policies-its form and contents, its commencement, duration,		
	cancellation, alteration, rectification, renewal, assignment, construction		
	- Conditions of the policy		
	- Alteration of the risk		
	- Assignment of the subject matter		
Life	- Nature and scope of life insurance, definition, kinds of life insurance, the policy and formation		
Insurance	of a life insurance contract		
	- Event insured against life insurance contract		
	- Circumstances affecting the risk		
	- Amounts recoverable under life policy		
	- Persons entitled to payment		
	- Settlement of claim and payment of money		
Marine	- Nature and scope		
Insurance	- Classification of marine policies		
msurance	- The Marine Insurance Act 1963		
	- Insurable interest, insurable value		
	- Marine insurance policy – conditions – express warranties construction of terms of policy		
	- Voyage – deviation		
	- Perils of the sea		
	- Partial loss of ship and of freight, salvage general average, particular charges		
E.	- Measure of indemnity, total valuation, liability to third parties		
Fire	- Insurance against Third Party Risks		
insurance	- The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (Chapter VIII)		
	- Nature and scope, persons governed, definitions of 'use', 'drives', 'motor vehicle',		
	requirements of policy, statutory contract between insurer and drive rights of third parties,		
	limitations of third party's rights, duty to inform third party		
	- Claims tribunal, constitution, functions, application for compensation – who can apply?		
	- Procedure and powers of claims tribunal-its award		
Social	- Important elements in social insurance, its need		
Insurance in	- Commercial insurance and social insurance		
India	- Sickness insurance, Adarkar scheme, Stack and Rao scheme for wage earners and others, risks		
	covered, maturity and other benefits		
	- Old age, premature death and invalidity insurance or pension insurance, public provident fund,		
	Jeevandhara policy		
	- Unemployment insurance		
	- Social insurance for people like seamen, circus workers and agricultural workers		
Public	- The scheme		
Liability	- Authorities		
Insurance	The emerging legislative trends		

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#### BANKING LAWAND NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS ACT

Reserve Bank of India Act 1934		
Banking Regulation Act 1944		
Bankers' Book of Evidence Act 1891	<ul> <li>Recovery of Debts Due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993</li> <li>Establishment of debt recovery tribunals – constitution and functioning</li> <li>Role of SEBI in Controlling Financial Institutions</li> </ul>	

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# LAW RELATING TO WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Family Relations and Child	- The status of a child in matters of marriage, legitimacy, guardianship, adoption, maintenance and custody - Provisions in the statutes relating to Hindu marriages, restraint on child marriage, guardians and wards, Hindu minority and guardianship, Hindu adoptions and maintenance and in the Indian Evidence Act 1872
Women in post- Independence India	Preamble of the Constitution: equality provisions in Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy - Personal laws – unequal position of women
Sex Inequality in Inheritance Rights	Feudal institution of joint family – women's inheritance position - Hindu Law - Muslim Law - Matrimonial property
Guardianship	Right of women to adopt a child - Problems of women guardian
Divorce	Indian Divorce Act Christian Law Muslim Law
Criminal Law	Adultery Rape
Social Legislation	Laws relating to Dowry, Sati

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#### LAW OF EVIDENCE

Primary evidence and Secondary evidence		
Privileged Communications		
Evidence Act		
Examination	Examination Cross Examination Re- Examination Number of Witnesses	
	Leading Questions Refreshing memory Dumb Witness Hostile Witness	
Accomplice		
Presumption	Presumption of abetment of suicide by married women Presumption as to Dowry Death Presumption as to the absence of consent in certain prosecution for Rape	
Dying Declaration		
Opinion of Experts		
Proved, Disproved, Non-Proved		